# Expectations for State Charter School Governing Boards

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## Presentation Overview

- SCSC Mission
- State Charter Board Responsibilities
- SCSC Comprehensive Performance Framework
- Resources and Reminders

## SCSC Mission

The mission of the State Charter Schools Commission of Georgia is to improve public education throughout the state by authorizing high quality charter schools that provide students with *better* educational opportunities than they would otherwise receive in traditional district schools.

# Responsibilities of Governing Board Members

# Outcomes!

Outcomes result from effective governance:

- 1. Engaged Participation
- 2. Transparent Operations
- 3. Governance vs. Management
- 4. Understand the Law
- 5. Allocate Resources Appropriately

# Responsibility: Engaged Participation

- Engaged board members understand the substantial time commitment required to run a school.
- RED FLAGS = board members who do <u>not</u>:
  - >attend meetings and/or arrive on time,
  - >obtain required annual training,
  - >prepare for meetings ahead of time in order to participate/vote,
  - respect the agenda established by the board chair,
  - refrain from checking texts and emails during meetings,
  - know how the school is performing and/or the school's prospects for renewal.

# Responsibility: Transparent Operations

- Engaged board members operate in a transparent fashion to avoid even the appearance of bias or conflicts of interest.
- RED FLAGS = boards that do <u>not</u>:
  - poperate in accordance with open meetings requirements
  - have regularly scheduled meetings and a predictable meeting schedule
  - post all information on the school's public website pursuant to SCSC Rule
  - >adopt, abide by, and regularly review a conflicts of interest policy (and refrain from conflicts of interest at all times!)
  - know how the school is performing and/or the school's prospects for renewal.

## Responsibility: Govern (Don't Manage)

Effective board members understand the difference between governance and management.

#### **BOARDS**

(Governance)

**Evaluate school and leader** 

Set goals and create metrics for measurement

Approve budget

**Create school policies** 

Know local and state charter laws

**Fundraise for the school** 

#### **LEADERS**

(Management)

Make curricular decisions

**Hire staff** 

Fulfil

obliga-

tions

of the

Manage day-to-day affairs of the school

Interact with the parents

**charter** Report to the board

Implement the board's suggestions and strategies

Red Flags = governing board members who:

- rely too heavily on school leadership to communicate important information from the SCSC/GaDOE—especially with regard to performance (trust but verify!)
- re overly involved in day-to-day activities of the school,
- do not recognize conflicts of interest (or adhere to related policies)
- >do not know how the school is performing and/or the school's prospects for renewal.

# Responsibility: Understand the Law

- Effective board members understand the legal obligations of a state charter school.
- RED FLAGS = board members who do <u>not</u>:
  - participate in the drafting and adoption of school policies.
  - review the results of state and federal monitoring.
  - versee the school's compliance with applicable corrective action plans
  - >know how the school is performing and/or the school's prospects for renewal.

## Responsibility: Monitor Resources Allocation

- Effective board members understand that managing a school's business affairs is vital to its success.
- RED FLAGS = boards that do <u>not</u>:
  - include members with financial expertise,
  - >utilize a finance committee to effectively oversee the budget,
  - riscal year),
  - create S.M.A.R.T. policies,
  - request and review monthly financial statements AND monitor the achievement of financial goals and budget projections.
  - >know how the school is performing and/or the school's prospects for renewal.

# SCSC Expectations

To help boards understand their obligations and responsibilities, the SCSC clearly outlines its expectations in the areas of academics, operations, and finances within the SCSC accountability tool: the *Comprehensive* Performance Framework (CPF).

# State Charter Accountability: Comprehensive Performance Framework (CPF)

The three areas of performance covered by the CPF—academic achievement, financial management, and organizational compliance— correspond directly with the three components of a strong charter school application and are the three areas on which a charter school's performance should be evaluated.

In each of the three areas, the framework asks a fundamental question:

- 1. <u>Academic Performance</u>: Is the educational program offering students a better educational opportunity than they would otherwise receive at a traditional public school?
- 2. Financial Performance: Is the school financially viable?
- 3. <u>Organizational Performance</u>: Is the organization effective, compliant, and well run?

State Charter Schools are expected to meet academic, financial, and operational standards during every year of the charter term; however a school will be considered eligible for renewal if it meets academic, financial, and operational standards at least 75% of the time (in 3 out of the first 4 years of a 5 year charter contract term).

## **CPF**: Academics

#### Fundamental Question:

Is the educational program offering students a better educational opportunity than they would otherwise receive at a traditional public school?

#### Meeting Goals:

 In any year of the charter term, a state charter school will satisfy annual academic accountability requirements by meeting standards outlined in indicators 1 and 2 below (First Look) <u>OR</u> by meeting standards outlined in indicators A or B below (Second Look).

- 1. The state charter school meets federal accountability requirements.
- 2. The state charter school exceeds the average performance level of the district(s) within its attendance zone in terms of student achievement on state standardized assessments (grade-band CCRPI Achievement Score) OR in terms of student growth (grade-band CCRPI Growth and Achievement Gap Closure Scores).

#### <u>OR</u>

- A. The state charter school has a higher CCRPI single score than the average CCRPI single score of the district(s) it serves.
- B. The state charter school has a positive value-add impact score in relation to value-add impact score of the district(s) it serves in all relevant grade

## **CPF:** Finances

### Fundamental Question:

Is the school fiscally responsible and financially viable?

#### Meeting Goals:

In any year of the charter term, a state charter school will satisfy annual financial accountability requirements by meeting the standards presented in Indicators 1-2 below (near-term measures as well as sustainability measures).

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- 1. Near Term Measures include current ratio, unrestricted days cash, enrollment variance, and debt default.
- 2. Sustainability Measures include efficiency margin(profit margin) and debt to asset ratio.

# **CPF:** Operations

#### Fundamental Question:

Is the organization effective, compliant, and well run?

#### Meeting Goals:

In any year of the charter term, a state charter school will be deemed operationally compliant if it adheres to the requirements of its charter contract as well as all applicable rules and laws as measured by indicators 1-6 below.

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- 1. The school's educational program, such as adherence to its essential or innovative features and implementation of required programs;
- 2. Financial oversight such as adherence to GAAP standards;
- 3. Governance capacity and transparency
- 4. Protecting students and employees through the appropriate use of compensatory programs and employee qualifications
- 5. Maintaining a positive school environment by promoting student retention and support services
- 6. Any additional obligations including the timely remediation of previous noncompliance.

## Resources and Reminders

- 1. GaDOE Requirements: LUA Manual
- 2. SCSC Resources
  - SCSC Website
  - Research
  - CPF
  - Trainings
  - Guidance

# Questions? Visit SCSC.GEORGIA.GOV

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